For further information about sights, bicycle and hiking routes or guided tours:

Stadt Schrobenhausen
Lenbachplatz 18
Telefon 08252 90-0
information@schrobenhausen.de
www.schrobenhausen.de/kultur

The asparagus
The asparagus is a kind of vegetable which is very popular in Schrobenhausen and its surroundings. It has been cultivated here for more than 100 years. Consequently this region is now the largest growing area of the asparagus in Bavaria. The asparagus became famous beyond the region. The season lasts from the middle of April until the 24th of June. There are many ways to enjoy the asparagus with all of one's senses, for example in restaurants that offer asparagus menus. You can also visit the European Museum of Asparagus where you can find lots of information about this kind of vegetable. The producers of asparagus are also glad to show you around on their farms.

The "Zeiselmairhaus"

The "Zeiselmairhaus" in Schrobenhausen is named after the shoemaker family "Zeiselmair". It's a late medieval artisan house with living and working rooms of the family of the artisan-weavers and shoemakers. The half-timbered house was built in 1478 and had been occupied until 1975. In 1985 the city Schrobenhausen purchased the house and in the end it was restored and established as a museum in the year 1990. It shows the history of domestic, artisan as well as everyday life from the Middle Ages until today. There can also be seen archaeological finds originating between the 14th until the 20th century. The house includes a garden, a ground floor with living room and a kitchen, a roof with sleeping room and an atelier of a shoemaker.

Events
Schrobenhausen offers a rich program of entertainment in many ways. Not only exhibitions, which frequently take place in the City Museum, but also a large number of bands and cabaret artists high above the average performs for example in the city hall or also in the "Alte Schweißeri" (old welding) of the company "Bauer". The "Pegasus Theater" presents a play with much dedication and exertion every year which is self-directed. The "Altbayrisches Schrannenfest", a famous town festival, combines tradition and modern customs. Year after year it transforms the city centre for three days into a spectacle. More events can be found here: www.schrobenhausen.de/Veranstaltungen

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The "Pflegschloss" in the historic district of Schrobenhausen is one of the most important sights. This palace was built in the 18th century and was the former official residence and home of the judge. Later it became the District Office and today it is the main administrative house in Schrobenhausen. In 1934, an extension was constructed as a residence of the regional government. Since the restoration in 2002 the castle shelters the museum of the city. In addition to the town's history, another main theme in the museum is the industrial history of Schrobenhausen. The offer is completed by always changing exhibitions of various art topics.

The walk around the city centre will take about 30 minutes, the walk through the historic city centre will require about 40 minutes.

Old Cemetery

City Wall

Church of our Lady

Rathaus

St. Jakob
The town hall and the marketplace

The town hall of Schrobenhausen was completely destroyed in 1388 during the Bavarian City War (Bayerischer Städtekrieg). With the help of Duke Luis VII., it was rebuilt until the end of the 15th century. At this time, there were salerooms for bread and meal situated inside. Nowadays, there is the municipal administration housed in the building, and you can find the tourist information and brochures about tourist features there. The town hall - a building from the 20th century - is situated in the centre of Schrobenhausen, exactly next to the market square, where the farmer’s market takes place every Thursday and every Saturday.

Lenbachplatz 18, 86529 Schrobenhausen
Opening times: Mo-Fr 8 -12 a.m. Mo-Th 2 - 4 p.m.

City wall and towers

The city wall of Schrobenhausen and the towers were built in the 15th century. Some towers and parts of the wall still exist. The towers are named after the professions of their inhabitants, for example the “Hebammen-turm”, whose inhabitant worked as a midwife. The rampart, which separates the two moats was built to defend the city. Today it invites to a walk under mighty beech, chestnut and oak trees.

Parish Church St. Jakob

The massive tower of the parish church determines from a distance the silhouette of the city. Built in the 15th century, the architecture was influenced by the Cathedral/Minster of Our Lady of Ingolstadt. The Parish Church St. Jakob is one of the most beautiful late Gothic hall churches of Old Bavaria. There are medieval frescoes on the walls left of the altar restored in the 20th century. In 1440 the church was dedicated.

Franz von Lenbach

Franz von Lenbach was born in Schrobenhausen in 1836 and buried in Munich in 1904. He studied in Munich at the “Münchener Akademie” and taught only for a short time in Würzburg. Initially he focused on realism, painting before he dedicated him- self to portrait painting. He enriched art with his numerous portraits of celebrities like Bismarck, Ludwig Prince of Bavaria or Pope Leo XIII. The house of his birth was built in 1823 and is located directly next to the city wall. In 1936 it was converted into a museum. There you can have a look into his life and examine parts of his life’s work. You can also see pictures painted by his old friend Johann Baptist Hofner.

Church of our Lady

The church was built from 1409 to 1416 on behalf of the citizen of Schrobenhausen Ulrich Peißer. In 1442 a civil hospital was affiliated, which was located in the area of today’s Maria Ward Middle School. Since the mid-18th century the church has been rebuilt various times. In addition a surrounding wall was added. Parts of it are still existing today and remind visitors of the long history of Schrobenhausen. In 1444 it was officially declared a “city”.

The town Schrobenhausen

Schrobenhausen is a small town near Ingolstadt and Munich. It has about 16,000 inhabitants. Today, the central city is industrial and technical. In contrast, the surrounding land is agricultural. In 790 A.D. the city was first mentioned in a document under the name “scropinhusun”. Schrobenhausen received the market rights in 1310. During the year 1388 almost the entire settlement burned down in the course of a war between many Bavarian cities. With the beginning of the 15th century it was built up again and expanded with the support of Duke “Luis the Beard”.

In addition a surrounding wall was added. Parts, however, are still existing today and remind visitors of the long history of Schrobenhausen. In 1444 it was officially declared a “city”.

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